

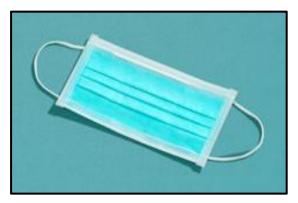
Managing COVID-19 Today: Updated Guidance

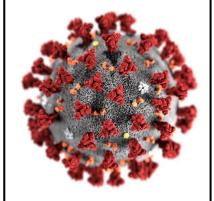
Keeping People Safe During COVID-19: Updated Guidance



Today we will review:

- Definitions
- Isolation and Quarantine
- COVID-19 Vaccines
- Monitoring, Restrictions, and Return to Work
- Masking and other PPE requirements
- Vaccinations and Testing
- September 30th Vaccine Mandate







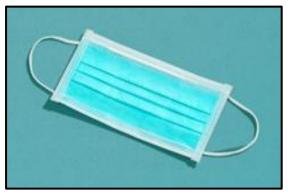


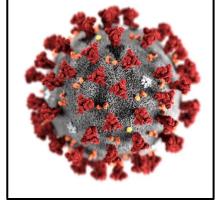
Keeping People Safe During COVID-19: Updated Guidance



Email specifically for use by healthcare facilities:

coronavirus.hai@dc.gov











- Healthcare personnel (HCP)
- Isolation
- Quarantine
- Close contact
- Fully vaccinated
- Incubation period

Sources: Coronavirus (COVID-19): Guidance for Quarantine after COVID-19 Exposure (DC Health – Last Updated: September 8th, 2021);





Healthcare personnel (HCP)

 Includes all paid and unpaid persons serving in healthcare settings who have the potential for direct or indirect exposure to patients or infectious materials

Source: Coronavirus (COVID-19): Guidance for Quarantine after COVID-19 Exposure (DC Health – Last Updated: September 8th, 2021);





Remember the important mnemonic we have been using:

$$Q$$
UARANTINE = Q uestioning





Close contact

- within six feet of an infected person for at least
 15 minutes over a 24-hour period
- Any time from two days before the onset of symptoms (or if asymptomatic, two days before the positive test was collected) until the person is isolated

Source: Coronavirus (COVID-19): Guidance for Quarantine after COVID-19 Exposure (DC Health – Last Updated: September 8th, 2021)





Fully vaccinated

 At day 14 after completion of a COVID-19 vaccination series (after the second dose of a 2-dose series, or after one dose of a singledose vaccine)

Source: Coronavirus (COVID-19): Guidance for Quarantine after COVID-19 Exposure (DC Health – Last Updated: September 8th, 2021)





Incubation period

- The time between when someone is exposed to an infectious agent and when the symptoms first appear.
- For COVID-19, as little as two days and as many as 14 days

Source: Coronavirus (COVID-19): Guidance for Quarantine after COVID-19 Exposure (DC Health – Last Updated: September 8th, 2021)





Safest and most effective strategy

- If you're a close contact to someone confirmed to have COVID-19, quarantine for 14 days (0.1% chance of spreading it after leaving quarantine)
- The percent of spreading infection increases as the days in quarantine decreases

Source: Coronavirus 2019 COVID-19): Guidance for Quarantine

(DC Health - Last Updated: September 8th, 2021)





If you are living or working in a healthcare facility or congregate setting:

- You MUST adhere to the 14-day quarantine requirement.
- This includes the following settings:
 - Intermediate care facilities
 - Community residential facilities
 - Supported living facilities



Source: Coronavirus 2019 COVID-19): Guidance for Quarantine (DC Health - Last Updated: September 8th, 2021)



You've been in close contact with someone with COVID-19...

You're not required to quarantine if:

 The close contact had COVID-19 within the last 90 days and you do not have symptoms of COVID-19 infection

OR

 The close contact is fully vaccinated AND do not have any symptoms of COVID-19 infection.

Source: Coronavirus 2019 COVID-19): Guidance for Quarantine (DC Health - Last Updated: September 8th, 2021)





Please continue to review guidelines for the most current updates.

www.coronavirus.dc.gov

Be sure to ask your supervisors or nurses any questions you may have so you'll know the most updated information.

Source: Coronavirus 2019 COVID-19): Guidance for Quarantine

(DC Health - Last Updated: September 8th, 2021)



COVID-19 Vaccines



Vaccine Brand Name	Who Can Get this Vaccine [1]	How Many Shots You Will Need	When Are You Fully Vaccinated?
<u>Pfizer-BioNTech</u>	People 12 years and older	2 shots Given 3 weeks (21 days) apart ^[2]	2 weeks after your second shot
<u>Moderna</u>	People 18 years and older	2 shots Given 4 weeks (28 days) apart ^[2]	2 weeks after your second shot
J <u>ohnson & Johnson's</u> J <u>anssen</u>	People 18 years and older	1 shot	2 weeks after your shot

Source: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/different-vaccines.html



COVID-19 Vaccines



Vaccines

- Widely available
- Safe, effective, and reduce your risk of serious illness
- CDC does not recommend any one vaccine over the other

Source: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/different-vaccines.html

COVID-19 Vaccine Efficacy

LIFE. YOUR WAY. Department on Disability Services

Pfizer, Moderna, and Johnson&Johnson

- Early Release September 17th, 2021
- "Among U.S. adults without immunocompromising conditions, vaccine effectiveness against COVID-19 hospitalization during March 11—August 15, 2021, was higher for the Moderna vaccine (93%) than the Pfizer-BioNTech vaccine (88%) and the Janssen vaccine (71%)."
- Implications: Although these real-world data suggest some variation in levels of protection by vaccine, all FDA-approved or authorized COVID-19 vaccines provide substantial protection against COVID-19 hospitalization.





Please refer to the source document for complete information and refer to the website for the most up-to-date information

www.coronavirus.dc.gov





Key Points

- Follow your facility's sick employee policy
- Remain aware of developing symptoms
- Always wear a facemask when providing patient care services
- Stay home if you have symptoms; if they develop at work, ensure your mask is on, isolate, tell your supervisor, and leave **
- Ensure screening is performed at the beginning of every shift





Monitoring signs and symptoms

- Screen all HCP at the beginning of the shift for fever and symptoms of COVID-19
- Facilities experiencing outbreaks should consider screening at the start, middle, and end of every shift
- Screening can be done via app or other electronic format



with COVID-19



Disability Services

Table 1: HCP Exposure Definition and Work Restrictions			
Exposure	PPE Used	Work restrictions	
HCP who had prolonged (≥15 minutes) close (within 6 feet) contact with a patient, visitor, or HCP with confirmed COVID-19	HCP not wearing eye protection if the person with COVID-19 was not wearing a cloth face covering or facemask OR HCP not wearing all recommended PPE while performing an aerosolgenerating procedure*	Unless fully vaccinated, exclude from work for 14 days after last exposure. AND Test as indicated in the "After Exposure" section of this guidance. AND Advise HCP to monitor themselves for fever and symptoms consistent with COVID-19 AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	
Community exposure	Not Applicable	Unless <u>fully vaccinated</u> , exclude from work for 14 days after last exposure. <u>AND</u> <u>Test</u> as indicated in the	
		"After Exposure" section of this guidance. AND Advise HCP to monitor themselves for fever and symptoms consistent	



Definition - Aerosol-Generating Procedures (AGPs)



Examples of AGPs include, but are not limited to:

- Non-invasive ventilation (NIV)
 - BiPAP or CPAP
- Induction of sputum
- Open suctioning tracheostomy
- Open suctioning of airways
- Manual ventilation
- Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR)









The Latest Information on Masking

















The Latest Information on Masking







The Latest Information on Masking

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Department on
Disability Services

- All HCP must wear a respirator or face mask while inside
 - Except when eating, drinking, or changing masks
- All HCP must wear eye protection
 - When within 6 feet
 - When interacting with someone who is
 - Suspected or confirmed to have COVID-19 OR
 - Under quarantine following an exposure or the person is experiencing symptoms of COVID-19

AND

 Per standard precautions (anticipated splashes, sprays, or splatters)

AND

As required by transmission-based precautions



After Exposure



If not fully vaccinated and experienced a confirmed exposure:

Get tested immediately and 5-7 days after exposure

If fully vaccinated and exposed to a confirmed case:

- No need to restrict from work as long as the HCP
 - Remains asymptomatic
 - Is tested immediately and 5-7 days after exposure

If the HCP has recovered from a laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 infection within 90 days and is asymptomatic, they <u>do not</u> need to be tested.

 Staff must continue to monitor themselves for symptoms for 14 days from their exposure date



Testing and Diagnosis



If an HCP is symptomatic:

- And has a positive test result
 - Follow the criteria for clearance
- And has a negative test result
 - Follow your employer's policy for sick employees
- And refuses testing
 - Follow the symptom-based strategy criteria to return to work
 - And received an alternative diagnosis (not COVID-19)
 - Follow your employer's policy for sick employees

If an HCP is asymptomatic and has laboratory-confirmed COVID-19

Follow the return to work policy in this document



Testing and Diagnosis



If an HCP has had COVID-19 ruled out and there is another diagnosis

Criteria to return to work should be based upon that diagnosis

If an HCP is symptomatic and undergoing testing

• The employee MAY NOT return to work while test is pending

If an HCP is in quarantine and received a negative COVID-19 test

The employee must complete the 14-day quarantine

If an HCP is undergoing routine surveillance testing

• The person can report to work





Strategies

- Symptom-based
- Test-Based
- Time-based

Source: Coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19): Guidance for Healthcare

Personnel Monitoring, Restriction and Return to Work (DC Health- Last

Updated: September 2nd, 2021)





Strategies

- Symptom-based
 - Dependent upon severity of illness
 - Whether or not you are immunocompromised
 - How long since your symptoms first appeared AND
 - How long since your fever passed without the use of fever-reducing medications AND
 - Symptoms have improved





Strategies

- Test-based (differs between symptomatic or asymptomatic)
 - Resolution of fever (S)
 - Symptoms have improved (S)
 - Negative results from at least two consecutive respiratory specimens collected greater than or equal to 24 hours apart (S and A)
 - FDA-authorized SARS-CoV-2 molecular viral assay test (S)
 - FDA-authorized molecular viral assay to detect SARS-CoV-2 RNA





Strategies

- Time-based
 - If not severely immunocompromised and were asymptomatic throughout the infection
 - At least ten days since their first positive SARS-CoV-2 viral test
 - For severely immunocompromised and asymptomatic throughout the infection
 - At least 10 days and up to 20 days since the date of their first positive SARS-CoV-2 Viral test





Monday, August 16, 2021 –

"Mayor Muriel Bowser and DC Health announced that by September 30, 2021 all health care workers in the District of Columbia must receive at least the first dose of Pfizer or Moderna or one dose of Johnson & Johnson COVID-19 vaccine."

Source: https://coronavirus.dc.gov/release/mayor-bowser-and-dc-health-announce-vaccination-requirement-district-health-professionals





Who does this apply to:

- •All licensed, certified and registered health professionals;
- All EMS providers such as paramedics and emergency medical technicians (EMTs); and
- •All unlicensed healthcare workers (i.e. patient care technicians, personal care aides, environmental services staff).





Two doses of the Pfizer vaccine or the Moderna vaccine, or one dose of the Johnson & Johnson vaccine, are required:

- Before an application is submitted for licensing, certification, or renewal
- Upon submission for renewal of license, registration, or certification
- Before employment or contractual relationship
- On or before the date specified by DC Health/Department of Health



Source: https://coronavirus.dc.gov/release/mayor-bowser-and-dc-health-announce-vaccination-requirement-district-health-professionals



If you have a religious belief or medical concern, please speak with your supervisor.

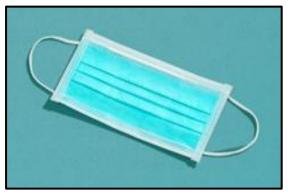


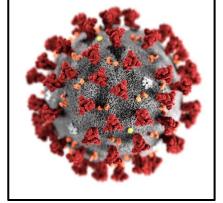
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Resources
www.cdc.gov/coronavirus
www.coronavirus.dc.gov

